# 1. Canaries covered by these standards

These quick and dirty warrant canary standards cover only global warrant canaries. A global warrant canary says that a particular website or company has never received an inquiry with a gag order (often referencing a specific section of the law). A granular canary refers to a specific account.

# 2. Creating a global warrant canary

## 2.1 Warrant Canary Location

You can create a warrant canary by posting a flat html page at:

[top level URL]/warrant\_canary/warrant\_canary.html

Alternatively, you can let us know that you have created a warrant canary on a different web page by inserting the following html comment code:

<!--This is a warrant canary-->  
<!--This the end of the warrant canary-->

## 2.2 Warrant Canary Text

{What's the usual text? I see that there are several types of warrant canary on the website: embedded, standalone transparency report, etc. Do you have a list of types?}

{I see transparency report, NSL (national security letter), FISA (Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act), Section 215, Section 705, Transparency, User Data, Back Door, and National Security (how does this differ from NSL?)).}{It seems there's also a generic "requests for govt. information" canary.}

{What do we want to say about XML etc.? Is there any code to share?}

The canary must detail the company or organization that the warrant canary belongs to.

# 3. Informing Canary Watch

There is no automated process for the creation of warrant canaries. This is a security measure. Instead, e-mail [canary@canarywatch.org](mailto:canary@canarywatch.org) with the URL of your warrant canary and the name of the company or organization that the warrant canary belongs to.